President Barack Obama The White House

Attorney General Eric Holder United States Department of Justice

Director of National Intelligence James R. Clapper Office of the Director of National Intelligence

General Keith Alexander Director National Security Agency

United States Senate

The Honorable Harry Reid Senate Majority Leader United States Senate

The Honorable Mitch McConnell Senate Minority Leader

The Honorable John Boehner Speaker of the House

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi House Minority Leader

United States House of Representatives

United States House of Representatives

The Honorable Patrick Leahy

The Honorable Charles Grassley Chairman Ranking Member

Committee on the Judiciary Committee on the Judiciary United States Senate United States Senate

The Honorable Bob Goodlatte The Honorable John Conyers, Jr.

Chairman Ranking Member

Committee on the Judiciary Committee on the Judiciary

United States House of Representatives United States House of Representatives

The Honorable Dianne Feinstein The Honorable Saxby Chambliss

Chairman Vice Chairman

Senate Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence Senate Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence

United States Senate United States Senate

The Honorable Dutch Ruppersberger The Honorable Mike Rogers

Chairman Ranking Member

House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence

United States House of Representatives United States House of Representatives

July 18, 2013

We the undersigned are writing to urge greater transparency around national security-related requests by the US government to Internet, telephone, and web-based service providers for information about their users and subscribers.

First, the US government should ensure that those companies who are entrusted with the privacy and security of their users' data are allowed to regularly report statistics reflecting:

- The number of government requests for information about their users made under specific legal authorities such as Section 215 of the USA PATRIOT Act, Section 702 of the FISA Amendments Act, the various National Security Letter (NSL) statutes, and others;
- The number of individuals, accounts, or devices for which information was requested under each authority; and
- The number of requests under each authority that sought communications content, basic subscriber information, and/or other information.

Second, the government should also augment the annual reporting that is already required by statute by issuing its own regular "transparency report" providing the same information: the total number of requests under specific authorities for specific types of data, and the number of individuals affected by each.

As an initial step, we request that the Department of Justice, on behalf of the relevant executive branch agencies, agree that Internet, telephone, and web-based service providers may publish specific numbers regarding government requests authorized under specific national security authorities, including the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA) and the NSL statutes. We further urge Congress to pass legislation requiring comprehensive transparency reporting by the federal government and clearly allowing for transparency reporting by companies without requiring companies to first seek permission from the government or the FISA Court.

Basic information about how the government uses its various law enforcement-related investigative authorities has been published for years without any apparent disruption to criminal investigations. We seek permission for the same information to be made available regarding the government's national security-related authorities.

This information about how and how often the government is using these legal authorities is important to the American people, who are entitled to have an informed public debate about the appropriateness of those authorities and their use, and to international users of US-based service providers who are concerned about the privacy and security of their communications.

Just as the United States has long been an innovator when it comes to the Internet and products and services that rely upon the Internet, so too should it be an innovator when it comes to creating mechanisms to ensure that government is transparent, accountable, and respectful of civil liberties and human rights. We look forward to working with you to set a standard for transparency reporting that can serve as a positive example for governments across the globe.

Thank you.

Companies

AOL Apple Inc.

CloudFlare

CREDO Mobile Digg

Dropbox Evoca

Facebook Google Heyzap LinkedIn

Meetup Microsoft

Mozilla Reddit

salesforce.com

Sonic.net Stripe

Yahoo

Tumblr Twitter YouNow Nonprofit Organizations & Trade Associations

Access

American Booksellers Foundation for Free

Expression

American Civil Liberties Union American Library Association American Society of News Editors

Brennan Center for Justice at NYU Law School

Center for Democracy & Technology Center for Effective Government Committee to Protect Journalists Competitive Enterprise Institute **Computer & Communications Industry**

Association

The Constitution Project

Demand Progress

Digital Liberty Project at Americans for Tax

Reform

Electronic Frontier Foundation First Amendment Coalition

Foundation for Innovation and Internet Freedom

Freedom to Read Foundation

FreedomWorks

Global Network Initiative

GP-Digital

Human Rights Watch The Internet Association

Internet Infrastructure Coalition

Investors

Boston Common Asset Management

Calvert Investments

Domini Social Investments F&C Asset Management Plc New Atlantic Ventures Union Square Ventures

Y Combinator

Nonprofit Organizations & Trade Associations

(cont'd)

Liberty Coalition

National Association of Criminal Defense

Lawyers

National Coalition Against Censorship

New America Foundation's Open Technology

Institute

OpenTheGovernment.org

Project On Government Oversight

Public Knowledge

Reporters Committee for Freedom of The Press

Reporters Without Borders

TechFreedom

Wikimedia Foundation

World Press Freedom Committee

Additional Signers as of September 30, 2013

Companies

Automattic (WordPress.com)

Data Foundry, Inc. DreamHost DuckDuckGo Floor64 Foursquare Golden Frog

Personal Democracy Media

SpiderOak Twilio Nonprofit Organizations & Trade Associations

AIDS Policy Project

Association of Research Libraries Bill of Rights Defense Committee BSA | The Software Alliance

Center for Financial Privacy and Human Rights

Consumer Action

Defending Dissent Foundation

Engine Advocacy Freedom House

Freedom of the Press Foundation

Global Integrity

Government Accountability Project

Human Rights First

Information Technology & Innovation

Foundation

Jewish Voice for Peace

Montgomery County Civil Rights Coalition

NetChoice

New York Tech Meetup

OpenMedia.ca PolitiHacks Public Citizen

Software & Information Industry Association

TechNet WITNESS